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# BETEC<sup>®</sup> 250

High strength micro-concrete with strength class C80/95

# Product description

BETEC<sup>®</sup> 250 is a cement based, volume stable micro-concrete with high initial and final strength development with final strength class of C80/95 and tested fatigue resistance ac-cording to Model Code 90, Model Code 2010 and Eurocode 2 part 2 (2010). BETEC<sup>®</sup> 250 stands out by controlled volume expansion and offers maximum durability and applicability.

# Advantages

- High early- and final strength development to strength class C80/95 for the most durable and reliable structural connections, statically and dynamically load bearing.
- S-N curves according to Model Code 90, Model Code 2010 and Eurocode 2, part 2 (2010) can be used for design without restrictions.
- High surface load capacity guarantees long-term maintenance-free constructions
- Extended workability times and exceptional rheology are ensuring fast, easy and cost effective application even with pumps.
- Compact mortar matrix due to self-compacting and controlled volume expansion.
- Declaration of performance according to EN 1504-6

# Certificates

- Declaration of performance according to EN 1504 part 6 / System 2+
- Assessment for fatigue strength according to Model Code 90, Model Code 2010 and Euro-code 2, part 2 (2010).

# Areas of Application

All grouting applications where superior applicability, high performance and durable connections are required:

- Assembly of pre-cast constructions
- Grouting of bridge bearings and bridge support structure
- Grouting of machines and industrial equipment
- Assembly of wind energy towers and anchoring in the foundation
- Grouting of rails and sleepers.

# Product Properties

# Technical Data/Properties(\*)

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Appleation thicknassImm225ConsistencyI.ImplementationImplementationImplementationFire flow along1.75 kg3.0A than 2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Property	Unit	Value(1)
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Free flow slump[mm]≥ 600-690Maximum water addition[J2 Isg]3.0at + 5 °C3.0at + 2 °C °2.9at + 3 °C °-Workability time[min]-Application temperature maximum[°C]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Va-%]-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Ma-1-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrinkage[Shrinkage-Shrink	Application thickness	[mm]	≥ 25
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at + 5 °C 30   at + 5 °C 29   Workability time [min] -90   Application temperature reconsense (*C] 5 to +35   Shrinkage [%0] 5 0.6   Expansion [%0] 2.0   Fresh mortar density [%0] 2.1   Yield (25kg bag) [kg/dh <sup>2</sup> ] -12   Calculation quantity [kg/dh <sup>2</sup> ] 2100   Pull-off value [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ] 2100   Strength development [-1] A   Early strength (2)(4) [-1] A   Vield (25kg bag) [MPa] -5   Compressive strength (2)(4) [-1] -5   10 h -5 -10   24 h -10 -20   24 h -10 -20   27 [-1] Calculation   Modulus of elasticity [-1] Calculation   Modulus of elasticity [-1] 2.6000	Free flow slump	[mm]	≥ 600-690
at 20 ° C   29     at 35 ° C   Mini Anno 190     Workability time   Mini Anno 190     Appleation temperature insuscence   15 16 35     Shinkage   100     Shinkage   100     Expansion   100     Kinkage   100     Forsh mortar density   100     Yield CSkg bag)   100     Calculation quantity   100     Pull-off value   IVPa     Rufty and the velopment   10     Forst strength class after 24 h   10     Mini Anno   20     Compressive strength (2)(4)   -5     Applead   -5     Strength class after 24 h   -5     Compressive strength (2)(4)   -5     Applead   -5     Strength class after 24 h   -5     Compressive strength (2)(4)   -5     Strength class after 24 h   -5     Compressive strength (2)(4)   -5     Strength class after 24 h   -60     Strength class after 24 h   -60     Strength class after 24 h   -5     Compressive strength class	Maximum water addition	[l /25 kg]	3.0
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Aplkation temperature measurement Aplkation temperature measurement Applkation temperature measurement Applkation temperature measurement If CI Image	at + 35 °C		
Arrow of the second s	Workability time	[min]	~ 90
Expansion     [Vol-%]     ≥ 0.1       Fresh mortar density     [kg/dm³]     - 2.3       Yield (25kg bag)     [dm³]     - 12       Calculation quantity     [kg/m³]     2100       Pull-off value     [MPa]     ≥ 3.0       Strength development     [-]     Fast       Early strength class after 24 h     [-]     A       [MPa]     ≥ 400     2100       Compressive strength (2)(A)     - 5     - 60       24 h     - 110     - 800       28 d     - 110     - 800       Modulus of elasticity     [MPa]     - 600       Kodulus of elasticity     [-]     - 600       Kodulus of elasticity	Application temperature (Powder, water and environment)	[°C]	+5 to +35
Fresh mortar density     [kg/dm³]     - 2.3       Yield (25kg bag)     [dm³]     - 12       Calculation quantity     [kg/m³]     2100       Pull-off value     [MPa]     23.0       Strength development     [-]     Fast       Early strength class after 24 h     [-]     A       [MPa]     240     240       Compressive strength (2)(4)     - 5     60       24 h     - 100     -5       24 h     - 100     -100       28 d     - 100     -100       Modulus of elasticity     [MPa]     68/09       Modulus of elasticity     [MPa]     -36.000       Exposure classes (3)     [-]     36.000	Shrinkage	[‰]	≤ 0.6
Yield (25kg bag)   [dm³]   - 12     Caculation quantity   [kg/m³]   2100     Pull-off value   [MPa]   2 3.0     Strength development   [-]   Fast     Early strength class after 24 h   [-]   A     [MPa]   2 40     Compressive strength (2)(4)   - 5     10 h   - 60     24 h   - 10     24 d   - 100     24 d   - 100     24 d   - 60     24 d   - 100     24 d   - 60     24 d   - 100     24 d   - 100     24 d   - 60     25 d   - 60     26 d   - 100     27 d   - 60     28 d   - 60     29 d   - 60     20 d   - 60 <	Expansion	[Vol-%]	≥ 0.1
Caculation quantity[kg/m³]2100Pull-off value[MPa]≥ 3.0Strength development[-]FastEarly strength class after 24 h[-]A[MPa]≥ 40Compressive strength (2)(4)- 510 h- 524 h- 6024 h- 11028 d- 110Compressive strength class[-]Compressive strength class[-]Rodulus of elasticity[-]Exposure classes (3)[-]Compressive strength class[-]Compressive strength class	Fresh mortar density	[kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	~ 2.3
Pull-off valueIMPaa 3.0Strength development[-]FastEarly strength class after 24 h[-]AIMPaa 40Compressive strength (2)(4)- 510 h- 524 h- 6024 h- 11028 d-Compressive strength class[-]Compressive strength class[-]28 d-Strength class[-]Compressive strength class[-]Strength class[-]Stre	Yield (25kg bag)	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	~ 12
Strength development     [-]     Fast       Early strength class after 24 h     [-]     A       [MPa]     ≥ 40       Compressive strength (2)(4)     -     -       10 h     -     -       24 h     -     -       24 h     -     -       28 d     -     -       Compressive strength class     [-]     Compressive strength class     -       Rodulus of elasticity     [-]     Compressive strength class     -       Impose classes (3)     [-]     -     -	Calculation quantity	[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	2100
Early strength class after 24 h[-] (MPa]A 240Compressive strength (2)(4)10 h24 h28 dCompressive strength class[-]C80/95Modulus of elasticityIMPa]-Exposure classes (3)[-]20, XC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1- XF3	Pull-off value	[MPa]	≥ 3.0
[MPa]   ≥ 40     Compressive strength (2)(4)   - 5     10 h   - 60     24 h   - 100     28 d   - 100     Compressive strength class   [-]     Modulus of elasticity   [MPa]     Exposure classes (3)   [-]     Losse   - 36.000     Losse   - 36.000	Strength development	[-]	Fast
IMPa]     Compressive strength (2)(4)   ~ 5     10 h   ~ 60     24 h   ~ 110     28 d   - 110     Compressive strength class   [-]     Modulus of elasticity   [MPa]     Exposure classes (3)   [-]     Image: Compressive strength class   [-]	Early strength class after 24 h	[-]	А
Compressive strength (2)(4)~ 510 h~ 6024 h~ 11028 d- 10Compressive strength class[-]Modulus of elasticity[MPa]Exposure classes (3)[-](1) $30, XC1 - XC4, XD1 - XD3, XS1 - XS3, XA1 - XA2, XF1 - XF3$		[MPa]	≥ 40
10 h~ 6024 h~ 11028 d-Compressive strength class[-]Compressive strength class[-]Modulus of elasticity[MPa]Exposure classes (3)[-]Cite class		[MPa]	
24 h 28 d- 110Compressive strength class[-]Modulus of elasticity[MPa]Exposure classes (3)[-](1)NO (SC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1- XF3	Compressive strength (2)(4)		~ 5
28 d Compressive strength class [-] C 80/95 Modulus of elasticity [MPa] - 36.00 Exposure classes (3) [-] C [-] C (A) C (	10 h		~ 60
Compressive strength class[-]C 80/95Modulus of elasticity[MPa]~ 36.000Exposure classes (3)[-]X0, XC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1- XF3	24 h		~ 110
Modulus of elasticity     [MPa]     ~ 36.000       Exposure classes (3)     [ - ]     X0, XC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1- XF3	28 d		
Exposure classes (3) [ - ] X0, XC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1- XF3	Compressive strength class	[-]	C 80/95
XF3	Modulus of elasticity	[MPa]	~ 36.000
	Exposure classes (3)	[-]	X0, XC1-XC4, XD1-XD3, XS1-XS3, XA1-XA2, XF1-
Moisture classes (3) [-] WO, WF, WA			XF3
	Moisture classes (3)	[-]	WO, WF, WA



Shelf life	12 month Stored under cover, clear of ground, protected from all sources of moisture and frost.
Packaging	Bags of 25 kg with plastic liner. 40 bags per pallet (1000 kg)
Appearance	Grey powder

(1) Typical values in production control. All tests were executed under a conditioned temperature of 21°C and 65% RH.

(2) The illustrated compressive strengths are measured with 150 mm cubes.

(3) According to EN 206-1:2001 in combination with DIN 1045-2

(4) At +5  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  material and surrounding temperatures the micro-concrete achieves ~5 MPa after 26 hours.

# Application

#### 1. Preparation of Substrate

- Substrate preparation has to be according EN 1504-10 section 7.
- The substrate has to be free from dirt, grease, laitance, loose concrete, loose particles or layers which could adversely affect adhesion.
- Remove all damaged concrete and prepare substrate by sand or grid blasting, high pressure water jetting, or other methods until base concrete is ex-posed, offering sufficient roughness (bond) and open pores.
- The substrate must be pre-wetted with clean water until saturated. The substrate should be damp, but without free standing water.
- The substrate must be frost-free and have a cohesion of minimum 1.5 MPa.

#### 2. Mixing

- The product has to be mixed using a suitable forced action mixer (400–600 rpm). The mixing head must be completely immersed in the powder.
- Add the total required quantity of water into the mixer, add the powder and mix for 5 minutes until a lump-free, homogeneous mixture is obtained. Never use more than the maximum water quantity.
- The mixing time depends on the type of mixer. 5 minutes is the minimum.
- The mixture must be allowed to rest to release air entrapped during mixing.
- Once the grout is ready mixed, apply immediately. Do not prepare more material than can be used within the open time of the material.
- When the grout starts to set, remix but never add more water.

#### 3. Application

- The material is always poured or pumped from one side or corner in one continuous application. A dense and nonabsorbent formwork is necessary. To prevent air entrapment, sufficient ventilation holes must be provided.
- Do not vibrate.
- When grouting large areas, apply the grout by using worm/screw pumps.



# 4. Curing

- After treatment has to be according EN 13670 in combination with DIN 1045-3.
- In warm or windy conditions protect the applied material from dehydration by mist-spraying with clean water or protective tarpaulins until the initial set has taken place.
- In cold conditions cover with insulated tarpaulin, polystyrene or other insulating material. Protect sur-faces against frost and rain until final set has taken place.
- In cold, humid or unventilated areas it can be necessary to allow for a longer curing period, or to intro-duce forced air movement to avoid condensation. Never use dehumidifiers during the curing period or within 28 days after application.
- Formwork should not be removed for at least 48hours.
- The after-treatment should be at least 5 days.
- The after-treatment should take place as soon as possible, at the latest when the material surface starts to set.
- As an alternative to the conventional treatment methods, suitable curing agents can be used to prevent rapid water loss.

## 5. Cleaning and maintenance

• Mixing and application equipment should be cleaned immediately with clean water. Hardened material needs to be removed mechanically.

## 6. Special remarks

- Cementitious materials can lead to incompatibilities under certain conditions in combination with non-ferrous metals (such as aluminium, copper, zinc).
- Low temperatures reduce flow and delay the early strength development. High temperatures accelerate the strength development and decrease the open time of the material.
- Depending on geometry and application thickness, reinforcement steel can be necessary.
- Lateral grouting overhang should be kept as low as possible (approx. 20-50mm).

# Health and Safety

BETEC<sup>®</sup> 250 is a product based on cement and can therefore cause burns to skin and eyes, which should be protected during use. Wear gloves and protective eye shields. Wearing a dust mask is advised. Treat splashes to eyes and skin immediately with clean water. Consult a doctor when irritation continues. If accidentally ingested, drink water and consult a doctor. Users must comply with all risk and safety phrases. MSDS's can be obtained from GCP Applied Technologies or from our website. GISCODE ZP1.



# CERTIFICATE

BETEC<sup>®</sup> 250



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